



PATIENT

Merdach Schneider

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Dachshund

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

12 years

WEIGHT

15lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen
 Lamy, DVM, DACVIM
 (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenna Walsh, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

VCA Mckenzie
 Animal Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Wayland

INVOICE

27817

DATE

12/5/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Presented for dental cleaning in October. History of on and off control of hypothyroidism and hepatopathy. Assess prior to anesthesia.

-Current medications: Levothyroxine 0.2 BID, Trazodone 50mg PRN for anxiety.

-Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Mild anemia at HCT 30% - Mild ALT elevations, Chol elevations.

-Radiograph report: Showed right-sided cardiomegaly with MPA enlargement.

ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS *Note: Single lead ECGs are evaluated as a rhythm strip.

Morphology/MEA cannot be definitively commented on.

A single lead ECG is available; 50mm/s, 10mm/mV. The average heart rate is 180bpm (range 142-230bpm). Despite significant heart rate variation, the heart murmur appears sinus in origin. P for every QRS complex and vice versa. The P and QRS morphologies are positive. No ectopic beats, pauses or dysrhythmias observed.

ECG diagnosis: Normal sinus rhythm with periods of marked sinus tachycardia.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Mild diffuse thickening of mitral valve leaflets with no prolapse into the left atrial lumen. Trace eccentric mitral regurgitation with no left atrial dilation. Normal MR velocity. Normal LV diameter with adequate myocardial function. The tricuspid valve appears normal with trace tricuspid regurgitation. Normal velocity. Normal right atrial and ventricular diameter and morphology indicating no overt evidence of pulmonary arterial hypertension. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. Normal pulmonic and aortic outflow velocities with laminar flow. Mild aortic and no pulmonic insufficiency. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac masses.

CARDIAC CHART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	4.5	2.2	1.0	1.0	45	80	NM
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	200	1.3	0.9	6.8	1.8	2.3	0.98
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998



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Rishniw M and Hollis NE, J Vet Intern Med 2000; 14:429-435	25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
Hansson et al, Vet Rad and Ultrasound 2002	30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
Bonagura et al. Echocardiography: principles of interpretation, Vet Clin North Am 15:1177, 1995	35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
	40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
	50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Chronic degenerative valve disease causing trace mitral and tricuspid regurgitation. Lack of significant left atrial enlargement indicates the current risk for complication is low. A small aortic leak is noted, and a baseline blood pressure is strongly recommended. No concurrent issues such as pulmonary hypertension are noted in this study. The ECG is unremarkable, showing a sinus tachycardia. Despite periods of significant heart rate elevation, no pathologic arrhythmias are appreciated.

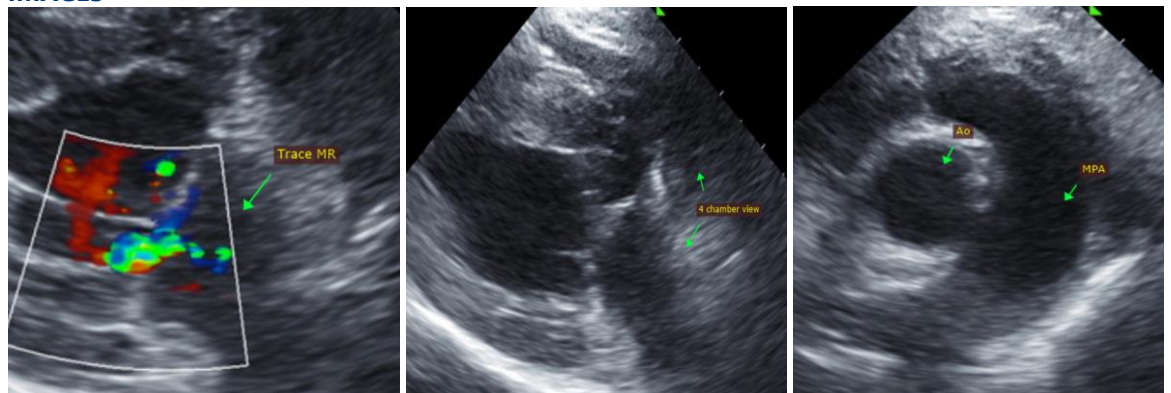
These findings would suggest the radiographic abnormalities are a normal variant. This is somewhat unusual to see with this description; however, the MPA and right heart are largely normal in this study. Additionally, this patient has no reported respiratory disease which would make significant pulmonary hypertension unlikely.

In a dog without significant left atrial enlargement, no cardiac medications are clearly indicated. Assessment of progression in the future will help predict long term prognosis, which is highly variable at this stage (B1). Omega fatty acid supplementation and mild salt restriction may be of some long-term benefit. Monitor for development of a cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes.

Anesthetic risk is considered mild if needed. Cardiac protective drug choices (opioid/benzodiazepine premedication, propofol or alfaxalone induction, isoflurane gas) are recommended. Pre-oxygenate for 5-10 minutes prior to induction. Monitor for arrhythmias, hypotension, and hypoxia both intra and post-operatively and intervene as necessary. Mild IV fluid restriction is recommended to avoid fluid overload. Avoid heart rate stimulating drugs such as atropine unless clinically indicated.

Recommend conservative monitoring with a recheck echocardiogram in 6-12 months, sooner if any development of clinical signs.

IMAGES





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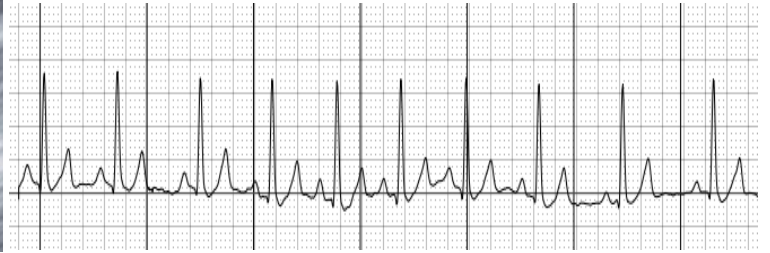
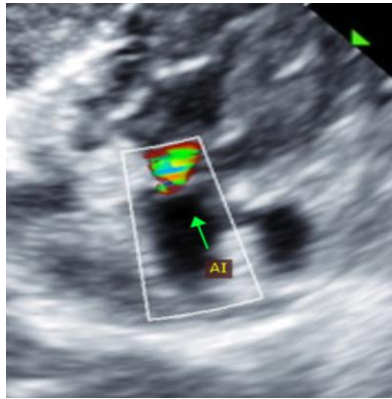
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
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